



ALEXANDRIA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 30.

tenets of the church to which he belongs, is to leave it and join some other church.

AS ANTICIPATED in the GAZETTE on Monday a resolution was introduced in the State Senate yesterday looking to the adjournment of the legislature from the 23d till the 20th of April, and as soon as the bondholders are heard from it will be decided whether or not to take the recess.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30, 1887. Among the strangers at the Capitol this morning was representative Bowden, of the Norfolk, Va., district. He was there to see about getting a slice of the Senate's patronage for some of his constituents. Another one was representative Dibble, of South Carolina, who is here to recommend a postmaster for Charleston, in place of the one who has just died. Representative O'Ferrall, of Virginia, when here last week, said that after he had gone through with all the bother and labor of filling nearly all the offices in his district, the inconsiderate appointees had to commence dying and resigning, so that he had to come back here and do a good deal of the work over again.

People familiar with the personnel of the Virginia legislature in the days of reconstruction, frequently meet, on the streets of this city, colored men who were members of that body during those times. Quite a number of them were given offices here under the different republican administrations. Several of them still retain those places, and seem to be doing well, but those who have lost theirs are worse off than they were before they left the plow and took to politics. Up to noon to-day nothing had been heard of Mr. Adams, the book keeper of the Star, who suddenly and mysteriously disappeared two weeks ago. He was generally known throughout the city, and yet so far as has been ascertained, no body has seen or heard of him since the evening he disappeared as easily as though he had been an entire stranger.

It seems to be settled, at least in public opinion, that ex-Gov. Abbott, of New Jersey, will be one of the three commissioners to be appointed to investigate the affairs of the Pacific railroads. As the Governor not only opposed the nomination of Mr. Cleveland at Chicago, but has been a pronounced kisser since his election, the apparent determination to give him the place referred to is said to indicate a desire on the President's part to conciliate the disaffected portion of his party.

General Mahone left here yesterday for Petersburg, Virginia, where he is preparing a plan for the settlement of the Virginia debt, and a platform for the republican party of his State, and a record of the democratic party thereof.

Secretary Whitney is considering the plans submitted by the board appointed to ascertain the amount of plant required to equip the Washington Navy Yard as an ordnance foundry. He has been in consultation with ordnance officers, and it is probable that the plans ultimately decided upon will be made public in a short time. While the report of the Board will form the basis of the scheme of reconstruction of the Yard, yet a considerable reduction will be made in the expenditure proposed by it, mainly in the direction of utilizing many of the buildings now standing, instead of tearing them down and building new ones, as recommended by the Board. As soon as the plans are decided upon, work will be begun on the machinery and plant. Very few of the large tools, such as lathes and steam-hammers necessary for the finishing of heavy ordnance can be procured by purchase in this country, so that it will be necessary for the new foundry to make most of its new tools. It is believed that two years' time will be necessary for the completion of a plant large enough to turn out the heavy calibres of steel ordnance, but meanwhile the foundry will be able to handle material for guns not exceeding six inches in calibre. Every effort will be made to have the plant completed in time to undertake the assembling of the heavier pieces when the deliveries of steel begin under the new proposals.

Senator Riddleberger, as stated in this correspondence of yesterday's date, did have an interview with the Senate's chief officers and demanded the removal of ex-Auditor Brown Allen, of Virginia, an appointee of General Mahone, from his position as clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Senate, and the appointment of his friend, Mr. J. J. Campbell, thereto; but time was asked in which to consider the demand, and that, it is generally supposed, means that nothing will be done, and that Mr. Allen will continue to hold his place.

Rev. John W. Chapman, of New York, who has been appointed by the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church, a missionary to Alaska, has requested permission to import into that Territory fire arms and ammunition for his personal use. He has been informed by the Treasury Department that no special permission is required, as under existing regulations immigrants and actual settlers are authorized to import for their own use small loading arms and suitable ammunition into all parts of Alaska except the Priglylow Islands.

Ex-Congressman John S. Wise passed through here yesterday on his way to New York, to attend the banquet given in that city last night to ex-Gov. Hoadly, of Ohio, by the Beta, Theta, Pi College Society in that city. While here he met Senator Riddleberger and had a pleasant interview with him. At the banquet last night he spoke of the benefits of secret college societies, and said that after the war the resumption of friendly relations between the Northern and Southern sections of the society was particularly agreeable.

Now that Austria has made the first advance toward a restoration of the same relations existing between that country and this prior to the Keiley affair, by accrediting a very acceptable minister to Washington, the administration is hunting for a suitable man to represent this country at Vienna. It was for a long time supposed that General Lawton, of Georgia, would have this place, but it seems that for some cause or other he is not held in as high esteem at the White House as formerly. The favor of Presidents as well as of Princes is a very unstable commodity.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Annie Dean Clapper, of Denver, a woman of considerable intellect and education and a member of the Theosophical Society of London, dreamed that she saw her own body laid in a coffin. She observed minutely the dress, the manner in which the hair was arranged, and other peculiarities. The dream impressed her with the belief that she was soon to die, and she could not get rid of the impression. She said that she was falling and should die, and especially charged her friends to clothe and arrange her dead body just as she had seen it in the dream. Then she gradually sank, her last words being, "This is not death; this is life." Her wishes were all complied with.

The Southern Planter for April has been received from its publishers in Richmond. Its editor says: "Progressive farmers can no more afford to be without books and papers than they can without guns and efficient machines and implements. They cannot pursue their calling with profit if they will not learn from the experience of others."

This is true, and no book a farmer could read would do him more material good than the Southern Planter.

REV. DR. MCGLYNN, in a lecture he delivered in New York last night, reiterated his faith in Mr. Henry George's land theory, and declared his intention of preaching it notwithstanding an ecclesiastical hazard. Dr. McGlynn believes that landed property is robbery. The church to which he professes to belong holds, and properly, that property in land is no more robbery than property in bonds or in any thing else. It strikes most reasonable people that the right thing to be done by a man who doesn't believe in the

LETTER FROM RICHMOND.

(Special Cor. of the Alexandria Gazette.)

RICHMOND, Va., March 29.—Norfolk county claims the distinction of sending to the General Assembly the first batch of names asking that the local option law be not repealed. Q. her counties, have followed suit and the temperance people are busy in different portions of the State getting up petitions like that which was sent from Norfolk county. There is no organized movement to repeal the law and from present indications no effort of any consequence will be made in this direction. A very striking and notable fact in connection with this matter is that some of the most ardent supporters of the local option law in the General Assembly do not in the least object to indulging "a bit" in "mountain dew," or some other equally as palatable ingredient. Mr. Abram Fulkerson's bill to repeal local option is slumbering in the committee to which it was sent early in the session.

The Committee on Retrenchment and Reform held a meeting this afternoon. They are looking about to see if they can in some way reduce the expenses of the State a few hundred dollars a year. At the meeting this afternoon there was some talk of recommending the abolishment of the office of Register of Lands and place the duties of that office upon the Second Auditor, also of abolishing the office of Adjutant General, a position now most efficiently filled by Gen. James McDonald. There is a disposition on the part of some to make the Secretary of the Commonwealth perform the duties that are now performed by the Adjutant General. Another thing discussed was the feasibility of reducing the number of boards at the Capitol. Some members of the committee, it is said, are in favor of doing away with some of the expenses incurred by the Indemnity Board and the Board of Sinking Fund Commissioners. This, however, will amount to nothing but talk, as the duties that these boards are called upon to perform must of necessity be done. The average legislator does not look into these matters at the first glance with any depth. The meeting this afternoon was the first this committee has held in four years. The chairman is Mr. Porter, of Portsmouth, who will not submit any foolish report.

In the House to-day the Charleston, Cincinnati and Chicago railroad bill was reported from the Committee on Roads, of which Dr. Strubling, of Fauquier, is chairman. The friends of this bill have had a serious obstacle in their way in the shape of the efforts of Senator Rhea, of Washington, to compel the road to run by Bristol. The investigation now going on relative to this matter will be concluded Friday or Saturday. United States Senator Butler did not reach the city in time this morning to be at the meeting of the investigating committee which took place this morning, but he will be on hand to-morrow morning. Major R. F. Walker and General J. D. Imboden were examined to-day. The former positively denied that he had used any improper means to secure the votes of members of the Legislature, and the latter testified at length as to the topography of the country through which the road proposes to run. Senator Lovenstein, of Richmond, is the patron of the bill, and it will likely pass in accordance with the wishes of the company.

B. P. O.

Letter from Front Royal.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

FRONT ROYAL, Va., March 29.—I arrived here this morning after a lonely ride per the Virginia Midland 3 a. m. "Lightning express." I had the train to myself until Manassas was reached, when a couple of mechanics entered, on their way to the Plains, to begin the new depot building to be erected there, the old one having been burned down with the Carter store. When Returntown was reached the sun disappeared, and I was treated to a blinding snow storm, the wind howling an accompaniment. Just here another passenger entered in the person of a "weeping colored female," on her way to bury some near and dear relative. That, with the howling wind and falling snow, gave me sufficient diversion until we got in motion again. Before the top of the Blue Ridge was reached, the sun was out in all his glory, playing bo-peep with the fleeing eastward bound snow clouds.

This town has improved wonderfully since my visit of about five years ago. The large fire, which destroyed some \$8,000 worth of property here on Sunday week last, has stirred up the people mightily, and they have already organized a hook and ladder company, with nearly all the active men of the town as members; they have decided to get their apparatus at once and begin drilling for the next fire. They are to have a bucket brigade attachment, until they can get a water supply for the town; this last subject is now in the hands of a committee, with bright prospects of success.

The weather here is extremely cold, and this morning a gentleman who was brought across the mountain in the stage, was so far gone with the cold, that he had to be carried to the hotel and restoratives applied by several physicians before he could be revived. At this hour (evening) he is better, and on the way to recovery.

This morning, at Brownstown, a village about six miles west of here, a cyclone topped over two houses and did other damage. The forenoon train on the S. V. R. R. while crossing the bridge at Riverton, near here, had the north-side wheels lifted from the track by the force of the wind. The passengers were pretty well frightened.

I expect to leave for Luray to night, and may give you a line from that city of caves and "sich."

X.

A TERRIBLE DEATH.—Mrs. Fanny Leigh Cooper, killed by the collision of the ferry steamer Manassett with a barge of the Norfolk and New York Railroad in Norfolk harbor last Monday, was but eighteen years of age, and married only last December. She, with her husband, Charles F. Cooper, and Mrs. Lillison, were the only occupants of the ladies' cabin at the time of the accident, a number of gentlemen having left only a few minutes before. At the alarm of danger Mrs. Cooper sprang toward the door to ascertain the cause, when the cash came, one of the barges striking the starboard wheelhouse and ladies' cabin, completely crushing it. Mr. Cooper, though severely injured, worked his way through the debris to his wife, and when found by the deck hands had his wife's head in his arms, exclaiming: "My baby is killed; my darling is dying!" Mrs. Cooper lived for several minutes after she was removed to another cabin, but remained unconscious. She was horribly mangled.

Three boys of Saybrook, Conn., out skunk hunting, started a wildcat, which ran up a telegraph pole. They knocked it down with stones and their dog seized it, and very soon showed decided symptoms of having the worst of it. Then one of the lads grabbed the wildcat by the tail, and it turned on him and clawed his hand and arm savagely. He held on, however, and the other boys managed to club the plucky cat to death. It weighed twenty-five pounds.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Prohibition was carried in Frederick county by a majority of 484.

Passed Assistant Surgeon F. M. Urquhart, of the Marine Hospital Service, has been directed to assume charge of the Cape Charles Quarantine Station, which will be opened about the 1st proximo.

In the Warwick Circuit Court on Monday two suits for \$10,000 each were brought against the Newport News Elevator Company for two lives lost by the recent explosion of the boiler of that establishment.

Yesterday morning an incendiary fire in Portsmouth destroyed the office of the Baptist Companion, owned by colored men, who published a paper in the interest of the colored Baptists of Virginia. The loss on building and office was about \$8,000, partly covered by insurance.

A special dispatch from Petersburg, says: "Ex-Senator Mahone, who arrived here this evening from Washington, has formulated a plan which he thinks will be a fair and adequate settlement of the State debt, and one which will prove satisfactory to the bondholders. This plan has been made known to none but the Senator's most intimate friends. It will be known shortly, and be made public by Senator Mahone through an address to the republicans of the State."

The Commission.

In the State Senate yesterday there was a spirited debate on the House resolution in regard to the appointment of a commission to meet the foreign bondholders.

An effort was made to amend the resolution so as to emphasize the declaration that the Riddleberger act was to be taken as a basis of any settlement which might be agreed upon. This was lost by a vote of 17 to 12.

Mr. Wickham said that he was unwilling to add to the dishonor of Virginia, and unwilling to invite the bondholders to meet us while we are concealing the fact that their proposition is no more acceptable to us than the Riddleberger bill is to them. The commission should meet them on free and equal grounds. He believed that the bondholders on the receipt of the amended resolution would send a committee empowered to make a settlement that would be satisfactory to us. But they should not be led to believe that the Governor had powers outside of those granted to the commission. It was only fair and just, if the Legislature was determined to accept no other basis of settlement than the Riddleberger bill, that the bondholders should be informed of this determination.

Mr. Elyson thought the resolution sufficiently explicit. In his opinion the bondholders would understand the phrase "available revenue" to imply a settlement on the basis of the Riddleberger bill, as it has been so often stated that that bill applied the available revenue to the payment of the debt.

Mr. Stubbs supported the original resolution, as did Mr. Heaton, who thought the creditors were fully informed that all parties in Virginia stood by the Riddleberger bill, and no additional declarations were needed. He was opposed to putting in the message what everybody understood.

The resolution was then adopted—ayes 22, noes 10.

The resolutions are the same as those adopted by the House, except that the limit fixed for the meeting of the two commissions is "not later than April 20," instead of April 12, as agreed upon by the House. The House concurred in the change of time.

The action of the Senate having been communicated to the House the Speaker at once laid the resolution before the body, and the amendment was agreed to without division.

Mr. Figgat moved that the Speaker appoint the gentleman from Alexandria (the Speaker) as chairman of the commission on the part of the House. He thought it eminently desirable to have Mr. Stuart a member of the committee, and as the Speaker had the appointment of it he would not, of course, appoint himself unless the House indicated that he should so do.

The motion was agreed to.

Gov. Lee sent the following cable dispatch last night:

Right Hon. E. P. Bourcier, Chairman of Virginia Committee of Foreign Bondholders, London, England:

A joint committee of three Senators and five Representatives has been appointed by the Legislature to receive in Richmond a commission from your council at as early a day as practicable, not later than April 20 next. This legislative committee is charged with the duty of meeting your commission and ascertaining what amount of the bonds of Virginia is owned or controlled by said committee of foreign bondholders, to demonstrate to said commission the inability of the people of the State to bear a greater burden of taxation, and also to show what are the revenues and the necessary expenditures of the government and the available revenues for the payment of interest, and to point out to them that which addresses itself to their interest, as well as the interest of the State.

A conference of your representative committee is particularly desirable now, because the General Assembly, being in session, can act at once on the result reached by the joint commission.

THE AMERICA'S CUP.—The dimensions of the sloop Thistle, now being built on the Clyde river, in Scotland, and which has challenged for a race this fall for the America's cup, have been made public. As compared with the Mayflower they are as follows: Mayflower, length 85.01, beam 23.06, depth 10.06; Thistle, length 85.00, beam 20.03, depth 14.01. The new sloop will be of steel, with lap instead of flush seams below the water line. Her model shows a radical departure from that of the typical British cutter, and an adoption, to some extent, of American models and ideas. It is thought that the Thistle will be a very formidable foe for her American competitor.

A COLD SNAP IN THE STATE.—The blizzard yesterday was the coldest experienced in Winchester in years at so late a date in March. The thermometer marked 18 degrees at sunrise, and it continued cold all day, freezing hard last night. Fruit is not far enough advanced to be injured.

Reports from the country round about Norfolk indicate serious damage to vegetables from snow and ice. Peas, strawberries, and cabbage are seriously injured.

The weather is very cold at Danville, and there was a severe freeze again last night. It is feared that much fruit has been killed.

A rat and a cock sparrow had a pitched battle in Oil City the other day. The sparrow was the aggressor, and attacked the rat viciously, striking at it very much in the style of a game cock and then flying down and pecking at it. Once it struck the rat in the eye, and the rat spun around and around before it could get its bearings. In the end, however, the rat got the best of the battle, and the sparrow flew away, having lost many feathers.

A Buffalo philosopher says that he can invariably tell a newly married man when traveling by watching him give his wife a drink of water on the train. If, after she takes her little sip, he swallows what remains in the glass with great relish, then he's a recent captivator. If he has been married long he will pour out the water and get a fresh supply for himself.

MR. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething the child is irritable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.

ADVISE TO MOTHERS.

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TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Russian Merchant Murdered.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 30.—A wholesale merchant of St. Petersburg, reputed to be worth millions, has been shot and killed by a man to whom he refused to give 80,000 roubles towards the Nihilist fund. The murderer has been arrested. Other Russian capitalists are fearful of suffering a similar fate. They are receiving letters threatening them with immediate death if they do not comply with demands to furnish money for "the common cause."

Railroad Accident.

SAN ANTONIO, March 30.—Meagre details reached here of a wreck on the Southern Pacific, 300 miles west of here. At Dryden, a station in the second division, a west bound engine and caboose smashed full tilt into a freight train coming east. The train men had no time to jump and the breakage is very severe. Engineer McCamless was pinched and scalded to death.

Cholera.

PESTH, March 30.—Three cases of Asiatic cholera have been discovered here, and the nature of the malady in each has been clearly established. Much alarm prevails in consequence.

Conspiracy Discovered.

VARNA, March 30.—In consequence of the discovery of a military conspiracy here the governor has been dismissed and the commander of the national guard has been arrested.

Cold Weather.

OTTAWA, Ont., Mar. 30.—The thermometer registered ten degrees below zero here this morning and there are four to five feet of snow on the ground.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Robert T. Lincoln, late Secretary of War was elected a trustee of the Second Presbyterian church, Chicago, at its annual meeting.

The democrats of Jefferson county, W. Va., have nominated Col. Frank Beckwith, an anti-Camden man, for the House of Delegates.

Mrs. James Brown Potter made her debut on the stage last night in London. She will receive \$60,000 for the series of ten performances.

The Attorney General has decided that the privilege of postal employees to travel free over the railroads is not affected by the Interstate Commerce bill.

The Illinois House of Representatives have adopted a resolution condemning the proposed Irish Coercion laws, and also the policy of the English government toward Ireland.

The receipts of wheat at New Orleans by the river route since September 1 aggregate 1,700,000 bushels, which is nearly all gain, as the receipts for the corresponding period of 1886 were only 10,957 bushels.

In the House of Commons, last night, Mr. Gladstone made an effective speech against the new Irish crimes bill. Radical societies throughout the country are passing resolutions against the coercion bill, pronouncing it impolitic and unjust.

COUPONS AND CORPORATIONS.—In the House of Delegates yesterday, Mr. Pollard introduced the following, which was referred:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Virginia, That in all cases where any corporation of this or any other State possessing, exercising ownership, rights of property, franchises, or privileges in the State has heretofore tendered to any officer in payment of any tax or obligation to this State coupons which have not been accepted as such payment, and such tax or obligation still remains unpaid in lawful money of the United States or money or currency acceptable to the State, or shall hereafter tender coupons to any officer in payment of any tax or obligation now or hereafter to become due by it to this State, then, in any and every such case, such corporation shall be and hereby is declared to be a delinquent corporation, and as such shall be and hereby is forbidden and disqualified to acquire or obtain, directly or indirectly, by bonds or stock, or in any other manner, any franchise, privilege, or right of property, franchise, or privilege in the State, and is hereby declared to be ipso facto forfeited and determined.

This act shall be in force from its passage and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are repealed.

COURT OF APPEALS YESTERDAY.—B. S. Minor and Mathew F. Maury, esqrs., qualified to practice as counsel in this court.

Green against Carbone. Further argued by Col. J. H. Guy for appellee and Judge W. W. Crump for appellant and submitted.

Watertown Fire Insurance Company against Cherry and wife. Argued by Judge Joseph Christian for appellant.

Daniel against Cobb's administrator. Petition for prohibition refused.

A Missouri farmer, driving home at night from St. Louis, dropped a coat and a bag of oats from his wagon without knowing it. His dog knew it though, and lying down by them watched them for three days, despite all efforts, to coax or drive him away. At the end of that time the farmer came back. He said that he had been wondering what had become of his coat, bag, and dog, and hearing of a dog acting strangely on the road, came to see if it was his.

N. O. Shelnett of Jackson county, Ga., was hanged twice by a mob in January last, and still lives to tell the tale. He says that it is a great mistake to think that death by hanging is painful. "There is no pain about it," he says, "and a man can die mighty easy."

Why let the little ones suffer with rheumatism when 25 cents will buy a bottle of Salvation Oil?

Of far greater value than money is health; therefore, for coughs and colds use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup, the infallible remedy. Price 25 cents.

MR. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. During the process of teething the child is irritable. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhoea, griping in the bowels, and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Legislative.

In the State Senate yesterday bills were reported from committees to authorize and require the Board of Public Works to deliver to the City Council of Alexandria 1,250 shares of the capital stock of the Alexandria Canal Company, and to amend an act for working the public roads of Fairfax county.

Bills were introduced by Mr. Meredith to amend the acts in regard to the pay of county judges, and to authorize the Board of Supervisors of King George and Stafford counties to increase the salary of the county judge of said counties.

A bill was passed to aid in the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases among domestic animals.

In the House of Delegates a bill was introduced to provide for the payment of sheriffs and sergeants for summoning witnesses to testify before the grand jury, to amend the charter of the town of Warrenton, and to require every railroad company chartered by the State to have its principal offices located within the State.

The House bill to allow railroad receipts to be used in any county in which cause of action arose, was amended and passed.

Judge William P. Byrnes, of Charlotte, N. C., returning home recently after a six weeks' absence, found that burglars had broken into his house and stolen silverware worth \$2,500. He tried in vain to get clues to the burglars; but a day or two later a heavy box slipped by express from New York, was left at his house. It proved to be a double box, most carefully packed, and contained the missing silverware, not a piece missing or injured.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The stock market opened rather heavy, first prices generally showing declines of from 1/4 to 3/4 from last evening's final figures. The market was active. The general list was feverish and but little progress was made in either direction, much irregularity being shown, and most of the list were rather heavy. At eleven o'clock the market was active and firm, a more decided tone developing in the latter part of the hour. Money easy at 3 1/4.

BALTIMORE, Mar. 30.—Virginia 6s consolidated 49; past-due coupons 68; new 3s 60 1/2; 10-40 bid to-day.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE MAR. 30.

Flour, fine.....	\$3.00	3 1/2
Superfine.....	3.25	3 3/4
Extra.....	4.00	4 1/2
Family.....	3.50	4 1/4
Fancy brands.....	5.00	5 1/2
Wheat, Longberry.....	0.85	0 1/2
Fultz.....	0.83	0 1/2
Dressed Potatoes.....	0.83	0 1/2
Field Wheat.....	0.80	0 1/2
Damp and tough.....	0.70	0 1/2
Corn, white.....	0.50	0 1/2
Yellow.....	0.47	0 1/2
Corn Meal.....	0.49	0 1/2
Hominy, per barrel.....	2.00	2 1/4
Rye.....	0.55	0 1/2
Oats.....	0.35	0 1/2
Butter, Virginia produce.....	0.23	0 1/2
Common to middling.....	0.15	0 1/2
Eggs.....	0.12	0 1/2
Turkeys, live.....	0.10	0 1/2
" dressed, drawn.....	0.14	0 1/2
Dressed Chickens.....	0.12	0 1/2
Veal Calves.....	0.5	0 1/2
Dressed Pork.....	0.15	0 1/2
Irish Potatoes.....	0.70	0 1/2
Sweet Potatoes per barrel.....	2.25	2 1/2
Apples per barrel.....	2.50	2 1/2
Onions per bushel.....	1.00	1 1/2
" Peaches, peeled.....	0.7	0 1/2
" unpeeled.....	0.4	0 1/2
" Cherries.....	0.8	0 1/2
Dried Apples.....	0.8	0 1/2
Beacon Hams.....	0.13 1/2	0 1/2
Best sugar cured Hams.....	0.13 1/2	0 1/2
Butchers' Hams.....	0.13 1/2	0 1/2
Breakfast Bacon.....	0.09 1/2	0 1/2
Sugar-cured Shoulders.....	0.08 1/2	0 1/2
Bulk Shoulders.....	0.04 1/2	0 1/2
" lard, sides.....	0.04 1/2	0 1/2
" lard, backs.....	0.04 1/2	0 1/2
" bellies.....	0.04 1/2	0 1/2
Bacon Shoulders.....	0.07 1/2	0 1/2
" Sides.....	0.06 1/2	0 1/2
Lard.....	0.09 1/2	0 1/2
Smoked Beef.....	0.15 1/2	0 1/2
Sausages.....	0.04 1/2	0 1/2
Corn.....	0.15	0 1/2
Conf. Standard A.....	0.35	0 1/2
Granulated.....	0.6	0 1/2
Coffees—Rio.....	0.14	0 1/2
La Guayra.....	0.14	